



## Learning Experience

Colour code: CST Cartoo	n (found in the zip file) Name of worksheet or additional document (found in the zip file) Suggested discussion question Curriculum descriptors Teacher note
	Upper Primary
Big Question:	How is dignity upheld?
LEARN (Focus)	Explore the biblical principle that dignity is God given.
	<b>Tune into current understandings</b> of human dignity. Use the visual dictionary ' <u>Snappy Words'</u> to explore related concepts of 'self worth, self respect'. <b>Discuss:</b> Where do humans get their self worth from? What makes you feel loved? How do you know you are special? Use a <u>Think Pair Share</u> routine to generate a deeper class discussion.
	<b>Responses could be recorded</b> on an anchor chart, with the central concept written in the middle 'Dignity'. <b>Some other suggestions:</b> use post it notes to create a graffiti board, or an interactive 'pinboard' app such as <u>Lino</u> or <u>web site</u> could be used.
	<b>Explain</b> that you are going to explore what it means to have dignity, and how it is upheld.
LEARN (Explore)	Explore the connection between dignity and rights.
	Discuss: Think of a time you have won something. Something you are good at or for which you have won an award or badge or sticker. How did that make you feel?
	Read and display the Dignity of the Human Person Editorial cartoon poster, (up_dignity_editorialcartoon_poster) without revealing the quote at the bottom of the page.
	Use the thinking routine 'See- Think- Wonder' to discuss. What is the difference here? How do you think God sees us? What does this mean for how we should see and treat others? How is this related to definitions of dignity? Reveal the quote at the bottom of the poster. Read and reflect on the quote.
	<b>Students write a <u>Senryu Poem</u></b> based on their understanding of dignity.



## Explore the connection between dignity and rights.

## Read or select students to read parts of the following script excerpt (adapted from CAFOD Caritas England and Wales):

God the father of us all has helped us to see the world as one big home and family. We are all part of God's family, brothers and sisters to one another. Now that it is easier to communicate with one another, people and countries are able to get to know each other better.

But why is it that some people in the world have got most of the things they need, while others have very little? It doesn't seem fair that some of us don't have enough food or water and we don't have the chance to play games. Some of us haven't got a home to live in, and others have been taken away from their families.

This certainly isn't fair. All of us throughout the world should have all we need to survive.

So has anything been done about this?

A few years ago many countries got together to meet in a special organisation called the United Nations. Here the countries agreed to a set of Rights for children called the 'Convention on the Rights of the Child.' It outlines that countries must protect children by making sure they have all that they need to survive.

The aim of the agreement is to improve the lives of children all over the world, and that includes all of us too.

So hopefully one day all the children in the world will have the things they need; enough water and food, they will be able to play and go to school and be kept safe and looked after.

## LEARN (Demonstrate)

Our rights as children are the same all over the world!



**Use** the PowerPoint 'Children's rights' (up\_dignity\_\_childrens\_rights)\_as an introduction to the United Nations Convention to the Rights of the Child.

**Discuss:** Are these rights easy to uphold? Do children in the class have these rights? Have you heard or seen that some children around the world do not have these rights?

**Display** the illustration of the situation in Brazil (up\_dignity\_cartoon\_extract). **Discuss:** What human rights issues can you think of in relation to this cartoon?

As a class, Use the <u>Making it Fair: Now, Then, Later</u> thinking routine to explore the actions around the issues presented. **Further questions:** What other questions do we have about making this fair? Are there any other situations where rights are not upheld?



AUST	
	Discuss how people can uphold the dignity of others.
ACT	<b>Explain</b> that all over the world many people are working hard to make the world a better place. We too have a part to play. It's up to all of us, wherever we are in the world, to do something about this by letting people know about children's and adults rights, so that we can build the future together! With God given dignity, comes rights and responsibilities.
	Rights are things that help make life great. But since we all have rights, we also have responsibilities. And if we are all equal and part of God's family, that means we are responsible for each other. That includes people near us and far away.
	Watch the <u>short clip 'Be More'</u> and discuss: Pose the question, giving students time to reflect: What gifts do you have that you can use to uphold people's dignity? Rather than looking at our gifts and talents as a way to promote ourselves above others, what are the qualities that are important to uphold dignity? Teacher note: Tie the principle of dignity illustrated in the editorial cartoon with the use of personal gifts and talents to uphold the dignity of others.
	<b>Students write</b> one sentence statement describing how they can help uphold the dignity of those around them, and people around the world. <b>Students write</b> it on a post-it note to display in the classroom. <b>Alternatively,</b> students write a fake twitter line- using the online <u>'Fake Tweet Generator'</u> .
	Explore Take up God's invitation to show His love to others- to love and care for myself and others.
PRAY	Write a class prayer that asks God for increasing strength and love to uphold the dignity of all, especially those people who are most marginalised and vulnerable.